

Wisconsin's Young Forest Initiative: Diverse, Healthy Forests to Benefit the Greatest Diversity of Bird Species

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Overview

- History of the Young Forest Initiative in WI
- Focal Species
- Forest Management
- Results, Monitoring, and Success



The Wisconsin Young Forest Partnership

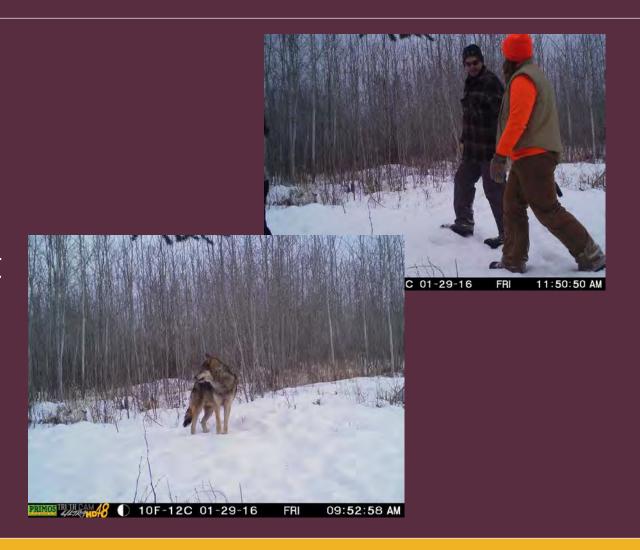
U.S. Forest Service
 U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
 Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources
 Ruffed Grouse Society/American Woodcock Society
 American Bird Conservancy
 Pheasants Forever
 National Wild Turkey Federation
 Wisconsin County Forest Association
 The Forestland Group, LLC
 Wildlife Management Institute
 Louisiana Pacific
 Society of American Foresters



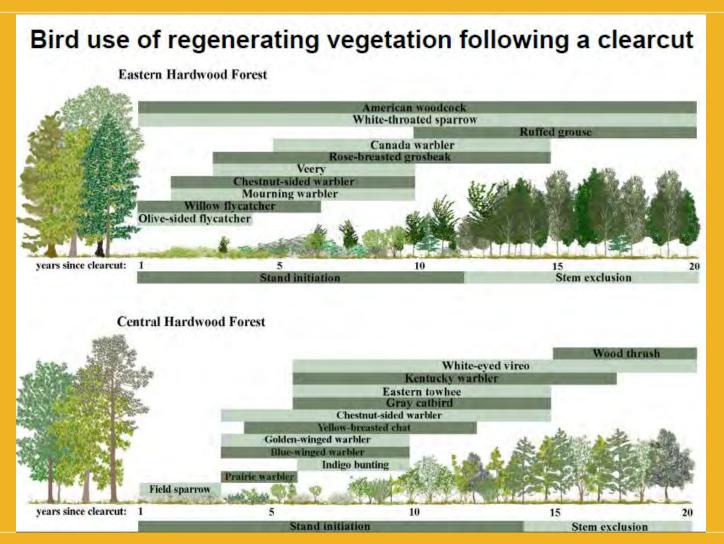
- National Fish and Wildlife Foundation
- NRCS Young Forest Initiative
- Sustainable Forestry Initiative
- Drummer Funds
- Regional Conservation Partnership Program
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Partners Program



- Outreach
- Site Visits
- ForestManagementPlans



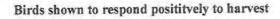






Bird species respond differently to harvest type

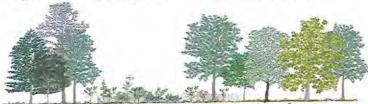






Black-and-white warbler⁹ Hooded warbler^{1,7,8,9} Kentucky warbler^{8,9} Worm-eating warbler 9 Yellow-billed cuckoo 9

Single Tree Harvest: average 0.002 to 0.03; range 0.002 to 0.03 ha3



Hooded warbler^{1,7,8} Indigo bunting*^{5,6,7} Kentucky warbler⁸ White-eyed vireo*^{6,7} Yellow-billed cuckoo⁹ Yellow breasted chat⁵

Group Selection Harvest: average 0.2; range 0.04 to 0.81 ha3

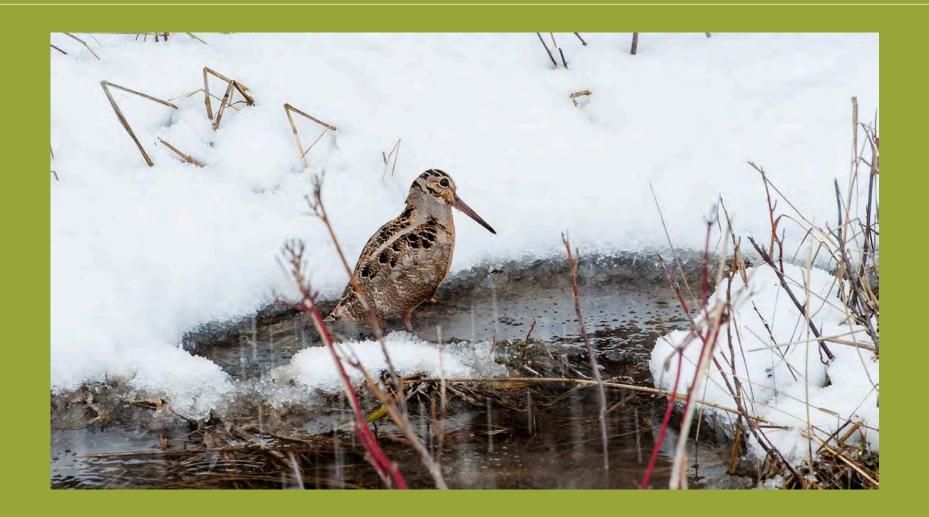


Clear Cut: average > 8.1; range 4 to 30 ha3

Alder flycatcher²
Blue-winged warbler^{1,8,9}
Chestnut-sided warbler²
Dark-eyed junco²
Eastern towhee^{1,9}
Field Sparrow¹

Indigo bunting^{1,2,5,9}
Prairie warbler^{1,5,8,9}
Ruffed grouse^{4,8}
White-eyed vireo^{1,5,8,9}
White-throated sparrow ^{2,5}
Woodcock⁴
Yellow-breasted chat^{1,5,8,9}











Why Golden-winged Warbler?

- Neotropical migratory songbird
- Breeds in North America
 - Appalachia
 - Great Lakes
- Winters in Central and South America highlands
- Range-wide population decline over last 40 years
- Petitioned for listing on ESA. Decision possible in 2017





Habitat Requirements: A Dynamic Mosaic



Nesting Habitat: Young Forest and Mature Forest Edge

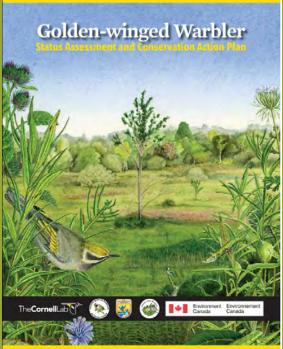


Fledge Habitat: Mature N. Hardwoods and Aspen with diverse vertical structure.



• GWWA best management practices always benefit Ruffed Grouse and American Woodcock. However, this is not always the case when reversed. This is why GWWA BMP's are followed as opposed to American Woodcock.

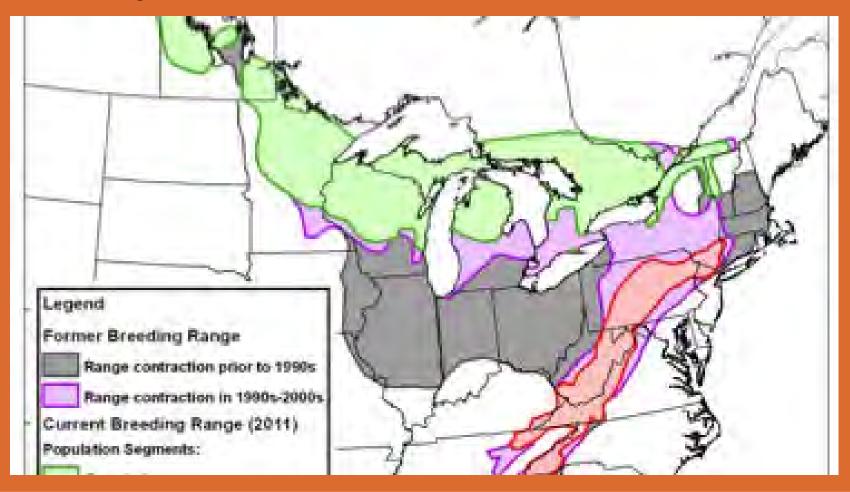








Golden-winged Warbler





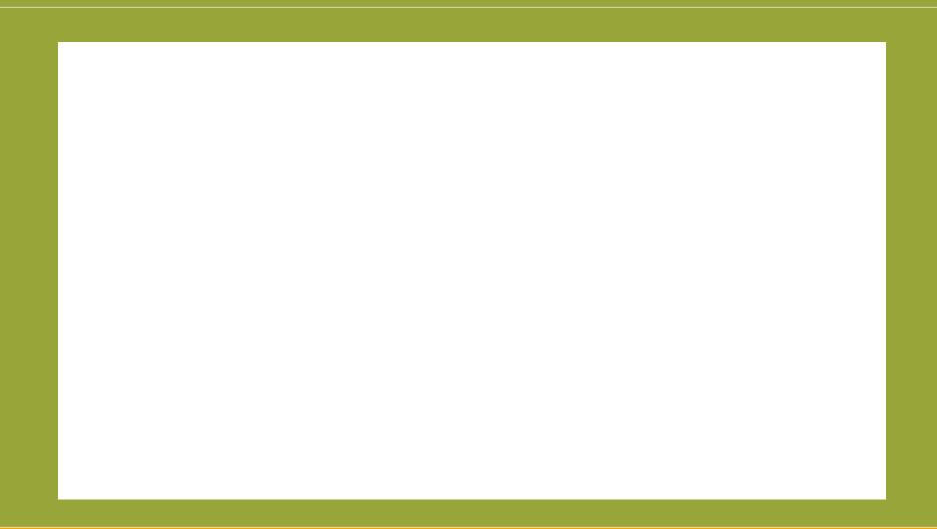
Forest Management







Aspen Management



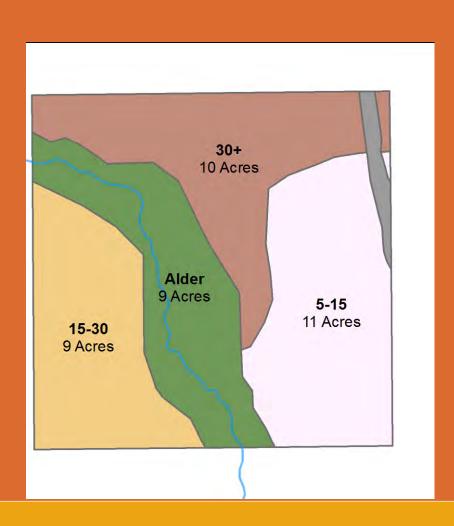


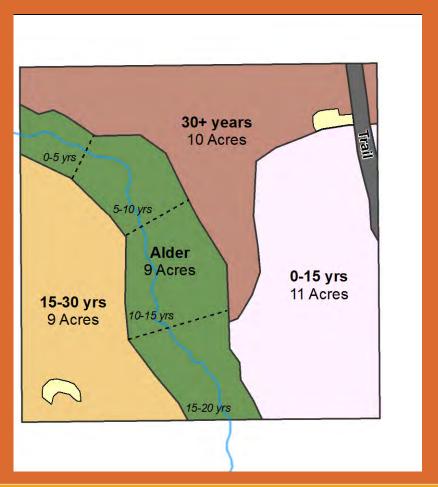
Forest Management





Alder Shearing Treatment Area







Forest Management





Post-treatment







Results, Monitoring, and Success

- In WI alone, we have created over 1,300 acres of "young forest" habitat with a total of 2,500 acres contracted, and many more applications waiting to be funded through RCPP alone.
- The U.S. Fish and Wildlife's Partner's Program has also created hundreds of acres of habitat.
- We've worked with over 300 hundred landowners.
- Great monitoring projects underway by Jeff Larkin and Amber Roth.
- Sound forestry education for landowners and those in the timber industry.
- Created a need for contractors to complete shearing work.



Thank You!

- Please visit the WYFP and RCPP posters for awesome information regarding the Young Forest Initiative.
- www.youngforest.org/wi

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